(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Promotor de adherencia superficies dificules

Product Code: pro-sd

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Surface fillers in painting process

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: CUSTOM CREATIVE

Address: C/ SEVILLA 43

City: JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA

Province: CADIZ

Telephone: (+34) 956045939 E-mail: info@customcreative.es Web: customcreative.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 956045939 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:





Signal Word:

Warning

H statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

EUH statements:

EUH208 Contains A mixture of: α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-

 $hydroxypoly(oxyethylene); a-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-\dot{\omega}-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionyl-\dot{\omega}-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl-butyl$

yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene). May produce an allergic reaction.

EÚH208 Contains bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction. EUH208 Contains methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone

n-butyl acetate

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

| | | (*)Classification - Regulati No 1272/2008 | | |
|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Identifiers | Identifiers Name | | Classification | specific concentration limit |
| Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX | [1] n-butyl acetate | 20 - 25 % | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336 | - |
| Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX | [1] xylene (Mixture of isomers) | 10 - 25 % | Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | - |
| Index No: 606-026- 00-4 CAS No: 110-12-3 EC No: 203-737-8 Registration No: 01- 2119472300-51-XXXX | [1] 5-methylhexan-2-one,isoamyl methyl ketone | 1 - 10 % | Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | - |
| Index No: 607-195- 00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX | [1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 2.5 - 10 % | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | - |

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| EC No: 918-668-5 Registration No: 01- 2119455851-35-XXXX | Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | 2.5 - 10 % | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 | - |
|--|--|--------------|--|---|
| Index No: 606-004- 00-4 CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 Registration No: 01- 2119473980-30-XXXX | [1] 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone | 1 - 10 % | Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335 | - |
| Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX | [1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate | 1 - 2.5 % | Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 | - |
| Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX | [1] ethylbenzene | 1 - 10 % | Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición) | - |
| CAS No: 104810-47-1 EC No: 400-830-7 Registration No: 01- 0000015075-76-XXXX | A mixture of: α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene), α-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene) | 0.1 - 1 % | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 | - |
| CAS No: 41556-26-7 EC No: 255-437-1 | bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | 0.1 - 0.25 % | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 | - |
| CAS No: 82919-37-7 EC No: 280-060-4 | methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | 0.1 - 0.25 % | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Skin Sens. 1, H317 | - |
| Index No: 601-021- 00-3 CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 Registration No: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX | [1] toluene f the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety D | 0 - 3 % | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Repr. 2, H361d *** - STOT RE 2 *, H373 ** - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | - |

^(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

*,**,*** See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

^[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eve contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

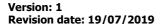
Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

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According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

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| Name | CAS No. | Country | Limit value | ppm | mg/m³ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | United | Eight hours | 150 | 724 |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 200 | 966 |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 150 | |
| n hutul nectate | 123-86-4 | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | Short term | 200 | |
| n-butyl acetate | 123-80-4 | United States | Eight hours | 150 | |
| | | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | 200 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 150 | 710 221 (skin) 442 (skin) 220 441 435 95 95 475 475 275 (skin) 550 (skin) 274 548 83 208 208 416 410 133 (skin) 333 (skin) 133 332 |
| | | [4] (OSHA) | Short term | | |
| | | European | Eight hours | 50 (skin) | 221 (skin) |
| | | Union [5] | Short term | 100 (skin) | 442 (skin) |
| | | United | Eight hours | 50 | 220 |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 100 | 441 |
| d (N4: +6:) | 1220 20 7 | United States | Eight hours | 100 | |
| xylene (Mixture of isomers) | 1330-20-7 | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | Short term | 150 (Ceiling) 300 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | |
| | | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | 150 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | 435 |
| | | [4] (OSHA) | Short term | | |
| | | European | Eight hours | 20 | 95 |
| | | Union [5] | Short term | | |
| | | United | Eight hours | 20 | 95 |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 100 | |
| 5-methylhexan-2-one,isoamyl methyl | | United States | Eight hours | 50 | 17.5 |
| ketone | 110-12-3 | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | Short term | 30 | |
| Record | | United States | Eight hours | 50 | |
| | | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | 475 |
| | | [4] (OSHA) | Short term | 100 | 473 |
| | | | | 50 (ckin) | 275 (ckin) |
| | | European Union [5] Eight hours 50 (skin) Short term 100 (skin) | | | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6 | United | Eight hours | 50 | |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 100 | |
| | | | | 20 | |
| | | European Union [5] | Eight hours Short term | 50 | |
| | | | | 50 | |
| | | United | Eight hours Short term | | |
| 4 11 - 1 2 3 1 - 1 11 - 1 | | Kingdom [1] | | 100 | 410 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl | 108-10-1 | United States | Eight hours | 50 | |
| ketone | | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | Short term | 75 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 50 | |
| | | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | 75 | 410 |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | 410 |
| | | [4] (OSHA) | Short term | 20 (-1:) | 122 (! :) |
| | | European | Eight hours | 20 (skin) | |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol | 112-07-2 | Union [5] | Short term | 50 (skin) | |
| acetate | | United | Eight hours | 20 | |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 50 | |
| | | European | Eight hours | 100 (skin) | |
| | | Union [5] | Short term | 200 (skin) | 221 (skin) 442 (skin) 220 441 435 95 95 475 475 275 (skin) 550 (skin) 274 548 83 208 208 416 410 133 (skin) 333 (skin) 133 332 442 (skin) 884 (skin) 441 552 |
| | | United | Eight hours | 100 | |
| | l | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 125 | 552 |
| ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | United States | Eight hours | 5 | |
| | | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | Short term | 30 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | |
| | | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | 125 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | 435 |

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| | | [4] (OSHA) | Short term | | |
|---------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | | European Union [5] | Eight hours Short term | 50 (skin) 100 (skin) | 192 (skin) 384 (skin) |
| | | United | Eight hours | 50 | 191 |
| | | Kingdom [1] | Short term | 100 | 384 |
| | | | Eight hours | 10 | |
| | | [2] (Cal/OSHA) | | 150 (Ceiling) 500 | |
| | | United States | Eight hours | 100 | |
| | 400.00.0 | [3] (NIOSH) | Short term | 150 | |
| toluene | 108-88-3 | Eight h | Eight hours | 200 | |
| | | United States [4] (OSHA) | Short term | 300 Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift: 500 [10 min] | |

^[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

| Name | DNEL/DMEL | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------|---|------------|
| | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 480 |
| | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 102,34 |
| | population) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL | Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects | 960 |
| | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects | 859,7 |
| | population) | | (mg/m³) |
| n-butyl acetate | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects | 480 |
| CAS No: 123-86-4 | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| EC No: 204-658-1 | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects | 102,34 |
| LC NO. 204-050-1 | population) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | 960 |
| | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | 859,7 |
| | population) | | (mg/m³) |
| | DNEL (General | Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects | 3,4 (mg/kg |
| | population) | | bw/day) |
| | DNEL (General | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | 3,4 (mg/kg |
| | population) | | bw/day) |
| xylene (Mixture of isomers) | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 77 |
| CAS No: 1330-20-7 | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| EC No: 215-535-7 | | | |
| 5-methylhexan-2-one,isoamyl methyl ketone | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 95 |
| CAS No: 110-12-3 | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| EC No: 203-737-8 | | | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 275 |
| CAS No: 108-65-6 | (Workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| EC No: 203-603-9 | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | 33 |
| | population) | | (mg/m³) |

^[2] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

^[3] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health,

Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.
[4] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

^[5] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

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| DNEL (General population) | | DNEL | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | 152 E |
|--|---|---------------|---|-----------|
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General populat | | | Dermai, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General popu | | (WOIRCIS) | | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General po | | DNFL (General | Dermal Long-term Systemic effects | , |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL | | • | 25a., Long term, dysterme effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General populati | | | | |
| DNEL Ceneral population | | DNEL (General | Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Gene | | | | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) | | , | | |
| (Workers) | | DNEL | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS No: CN: Pla-668-5 DNEL (General population) DNEL (General popula | | (Workers) | , , , | (mg/m³) |
| EVAPORCATIONS, C.Y., aromatics CAS No: C | | DNEL (General | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL Content | Lludrassubana CO succestica | population) | | (mg/m³) |
| EC No: 918-668-5 Content Dermal Dermal Long-term, Systemic effects Dermal Dermal | | DNEL | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General popu | | | | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Gen | LC No. 910-000-3 | DNEL (General | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | 11 (mg/kg |
| population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (| | | | |
| DNEL (General population) 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) | | | Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General po | | | | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (| | | Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects | |
| population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (| | | | |
| DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (| | | Innaiation, Long-term, Local effects | |
| Workers DNEL (General population) DNEL (General popu | | | Inhalation Long torm Contamic offs -t- | |
| DNEL (General population) | | | innaiation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| A-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1 DNEL (General population) DNEL (General populat | | | Inhalation Long term Customic officets | |
| A-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 DNEL (General population) DNEL (General populatio | | | innaiation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 EC No: 203-625-9 EC No | | | Inhalation Acute Systemic effects | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 DNEL (General population) | | | Initialiation, Acute, Systemic effects | |
| CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 EC No: 203-625-9 EC No: | 4-methylnentan-2-one isobutyl methyl ketone | | Inhalation Acute Systemic effects | |
| EC No: 203-550-1 DNEL ((Workers) | , | | 2 | |
| Composition | | | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Morkers) DNE | | | | |
| population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Morkers) DN | | | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | |
| DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population, Long-term, Local effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population, Long-term, Local effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) | | | | |
| (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 110-041-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) | | | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) EC No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) | | (Workers) | | (mg/kg |
| Dopulation DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL | | | | bw/day) |
| DNEL (General population) 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Morkers) | | | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| population) 2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Morkers | | | | |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Wor | | | Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Mork | | | | |
| EC No: 203-933-3 ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Morkers) DNEL (Morke | | | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) | | (workers) | | (mg/m³) |
| CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 384 (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | DNEI | Inhalation Long torm Customic effects | 77 |
| EC No: 202-849-4 DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects 56,5 (mg/m³) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 384 (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | initialation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | (Workers) | | (mg/m²) |
| (Workers) (mg/m³) DNEL (General population) Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects (mg/m³) toluene CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 DNEL (General population) Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population) Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General population) Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | LC NO. 202-073-7 | DNFI | Inhalation Long-term Local effects | 197 |
| DNEL (General population) toluene CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | Immidiation, Long-term, Local effects | |
| toluene CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General (Workers) DNEL (General (Morkers) (Morkers) DNEL (General (Morkers) (Morkers) (Morkers) DNEL (General (Morkers) (Morkers) (Morkers) (Morkers) (Morkers) (Morkers) | | | Inhalation Long-term Local effects | |
| toluene CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 DNEL (General population) DNEL (General (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General (Morkers) DNEL (General (Morkers) DNEL (General (Morkers) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | Imaladon, Long Com, Local Circus | |
| CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 DNEL (General population) Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects population) The population Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) | 1 | | Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (General population) DNEL (General population) DNEL (Workers) DNEL (General population) DNEL (General Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects (mg/m³) 384 (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | | |
| population) (mg/m³) DNEL Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | Inhalation, Long-term. Systemic effects | |
| DNEL Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 384 (Workers) (mg/m³) DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | EC NO: 203-625-9 | | 3 11 1, 11 3 11 11, 2,222 3.1000 | |
| (Workers)(mg/m³)DNEL (GeneralInhalation, Acute, Systemic effects226 | | | Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects | |
| DNEL (General Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects 226 | | | | |
| | | | Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects | |
| population) (mg/m) | | population) | | (mg/m³) |

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| DNEL (Workers) | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | 384 (mg/m³) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| DNEL (General population) | Inhalation, Acute, Local effects | 226 (mg/m³) |
| DNEL (Workers) | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | 384 (mg/kg bw/day) |
| DNEL (General population) | Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects | 226 (mg/kg bw/day) |
| DNEL (General population) | Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects | 8,13 (mg/kg bw/day) |

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

| Name | Details | Value |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|
| | aqua (freshwater) | 0,18 (mg/l) |
| | aqua (marine water) | 0,018 (mg/l) |
| | aqua (intermittent releases) | 0,36 (mg/l) |
| n-butyl acetate | STP | 35,6 (mg/l) |
| CAS No: 123-86-4 | sediment (freshwater) | 0,981 (mg/kg |
| EC No: 204-658-1 | | sediment dw) |
| | sediment (marine water) | 0,0981 |
| | | (mg/kg |
| | | sediment dw) |
| | aqua (freshwater) | 0,635 (mg/L) |
| | aqua (marine water) | 0,0635 |
| | | (mg/L) |
| | aqua (intermittent releases) | 6,35 (mg/L) |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | STP | 100 (mg/L) |
| CAS No: 108-65-6 | sediment (freshwater) | 3,29 (mg/kg |
| EC No: 203-603-9 | | sediment dw) |
| | sediment (marine water) | 0,329 (mg/kg |
| | | sediment dw) |
| | soil | 0,29 (mg/kg |
| | | soil dw) |
| | aqua (freshwater) | 0,6 (mg/L) |
| | aqua (marine water) | 0,06 (mg/L) |
| | aqua (intermittent releases) | 1,5 (mg/L) |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone | STP | 27,5 (mg/L) |
| CAS No: 108-10-1 | sediment (freshwater) | 8,27 (mg/kg |
| EC No: 203-550-1 | | sediment dw) |
| | sediment (marine water) | 0,83 (mg/kg |
| | | sediment dw) |
| | soil | 1,3 (mg/kg |
| | (6.1) | soil dw) |
| | aqua (freshwater) | 0,68 (mg/L) |
| | aqua (marine water) | 0,68 (mg/L) |
| toluene | aqua (intermittent releases) | 0,68 (mg/L) |
| CAS No: 108-88-3 | STP | 13,61 (mg/L) |
| EC No: 203-625-9 | sediment (freshwater) | 16,39 (mg/kg |
| | | sediment dw) |
| | sediment (marine water) | 16,39 (mg/kg |
| | | sediment dw) |

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

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8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

| Concentration: | 100 % |
|---------------------------|--|
| Uses: | Surface fillers in painting process |
| Breathing protecti | on: |
| If the recommended | technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary. |
| Hand protection: | |
| If the product is han | dled correctly, no individual protection equipment is necessary. |
| Eye protection: | |
| PPE: | Face shield. |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid. |
| CEN standards: | EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168 |
| Maintenance: | Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly. |
| Observations: | Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame. |
| Skin protection: | |
| PPE: | Anti-static protective clothing. |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements. |
| CEN standards: | EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5 |
| Maintenance: | In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer. |
| Observations: | The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use. |
| PPE: | Anti-static safety footwear. |
| Characteristics: | «CE» marking, category II. |
| CEN standards: | EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346 |
| Maintenance: | The footwear should be checked regularly The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending |
| Observations: | on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths. |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Transparent liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 141 °C Flash point: 28 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

Vapour pressure: 8,011 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,963

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Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information. Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

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$\label{thm:composition} \textbf{Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.}$

| | | Acute toxicity | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Na | ıme | Туре | Test | Kind | Value |
| | | .,,,, | LD50 | Rat | 10800 mg/kg bw [1] |
| | | Oral | Toxicology | , Part B. Vol. 1 | Journal of the American College of I, Pg. 196, 1992 |
| n-butyl acetate | | Dermal | | | >17600 mg/kg bw [1] andbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, |
| | | | | 1, Pg. 7, 1974 | |
| CAS No: 123-86-4 | EC No: 204-658-1 | Inhalation | LC50 | Rat | 1.85 mg/l/4 h [1] v. Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997 |
| | | | LD50 | Rat | 4300 mg/kg bw [1] |
| | | Oral | | | ustrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956 |
| xylene (Mixture of isome | erc) | | LD50 | Rabbit | > 1700 mg/kg bw [1] |
| Aylene (Plixture of Isothers) | | Dermal | 1974. Vol. | aterial Data Ha 1, Pg. 123, 19 | andbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 174 |
| | | | LC50 | Rat | 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] |
| CAS No: 1330-20-7 | EC No: 215-535-7 | Inhalation | | aterial Data Ha 1, Pg. 123, 19 | andbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 174 |
| | | | LD50 | Rat | 6190 mg/kg bw [1] |
| 2 | | | [1] Study Toxicity). | report, 1985 | . OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethy | i acetate | Dermal | LD50 | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg bw [1] |
| | | | | | any Reports. Vol. MSD-1582 |
| | | | LC0 | Rat | >4345 ppm (6 h) [1] |
| CAS No: 108-65-6 | EC No: 203-603-9 | Inhalation | [1] Study i | | DECD Guideline 403 (Acute |
| | | Oral | LD50 | Rat | 6900 mg/kg/bw |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aroma | atics | Dermal | | | |
| CAS No: | EC No: 918-668-5 | Inhalation | | | |
| | | Oral | LD50 | Rat | 2080 mg/kg bw [1] |
| | | Oral | [1] Union | Carhide Data 9 | Sheet. Vol. 4/25/1958 |
| 4 | alasta di manada. 100 di di | | LD0 | Rat | >=2000 mg/kg bw [1] |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,is | obutyi metnyi ketone | Dermal | | | (Acute Dermal Toxicity) 1987, |
| | | | LC50 | Rat | >2000 <4000 ppm (4 h) [1] |
| CAS No: 108-10-1 | EC No: 203-550-1 | Inhalation | | F-FINDING TOX CP & Weil CS, | XICITY DATA: LIST IV, Smyth HF, |
| | | | LD50 | Rat | 3500 mg/kg bw [1] |
| | | Oral | | | ustrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956 |
| ethylbenzene | | Dermal | LD50 [1] Food a | Rabbit nd Cosmetics | 15400 mg/kg bw [1] Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975 |
| | | Inhalation | | | |

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a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures

ATE (Dermal) = 8.980 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Product classified:

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

| Name | Ecotoxicity | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Name | Туре | Test | Kind | Value |
| n-butyl acetate | Fish | Brachydani Toxicity of Abwasser-F G.W., A.L. Acute Toxic | o rerio and Leuciscus Chemicals and Wastr Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (Jennings, D. Drozdov City of 47 Industrial (| 81 mg/l (96 h) [1] son of the Sensitivity of s idus by Testing the Fish ewaters. Z.Wasser- (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, wski, and E. Rider 1977. The Chemicals to Fresh and er. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG |
| | Aquatic invertebrates | EC50 [1] publicat | Daphnia sp. tion, 1959 | 44 mg/l (48 h) [1] |

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| | Aquatic plants | Desmodesmus subspicatus EC50 (reported as 674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1] Scenedesmus subspicatus) |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 | | [1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984) |
| | | LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] |
| | Fish | [1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA:193-212 |
| | | LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1] |
| xylene (Mixture of isomers) | Aquatic invertebrates | [1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX:133 p |
| CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 | Aquatic plants | |
| CAS NO. 1930 20 7 EC NO. 213 333 7 | Fish | LC50 Oryzias latipes 100 mg/L (96 h) [1] |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Aquatic invertebrates | [1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998) EC50 Daphnia magna 407 mg/L (48 h) [1] [1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998) |
| | Aquatic plants | Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata) Selenastrum >1000 mg/L (72 h) [1] |
| CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 | | [1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998) |
| | Fish | LC50 fish 9.22 mg/L (24 h) |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Aquatic invertebrates | |
| CAS No: EC No: 918-668-5 | Aquatic plants | |
| | Fish | LC50 Danio rerio >179 mg/l (96 h) [1] |
| | | [1] Experimental result, April 29 to May 03, 2010. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone | Aquatic invertebrates | EC50 Daphnia magna 1550 mg/l (24 h) [1] [1] OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| | | EC50 Lemna gibba >146 mg/l (7 d) [1] |
| CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 | Aquatic plants | [1] Study report, 2010. OECD Guideline 221 (Lemna sp. Growth Inhibition test) |
| ethylbenzene | Fish | LC50 Fish 80 mg/l (96 h) [1] |

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|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | Aquatic invertebrates | [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC:505 p. (USGS Data File) LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and |
| | | | Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p |
| | | | EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1] |
| CAS No: 100-41-4 | EC No: 202-849-4 | Aquatic plants | [1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348 |
| | | Fish | LC50 Fish 31,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :332 p |
| toluene | | Aquatic invertebrates | LC50 Crustacean 92 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p |
| CAS No: 108-88-3 | EC No: 203-625-9 | Aquatic plants | EC50 Algae 12,5 mg/l (72 h) [1] [1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L.Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169 |

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

| Name | | | Bioaccumulation | | | |
|---|------------------|---------|-----------------|-------|-----------|--|
| | | Log Pow | BCF | NOECs | Level | |
| n-butyl acetate | | 1.70 | | | Mam. Jan. | |
| CAS No: 123-86-4 | EC No: 204-658-1 | 1,78 | - | - | Very low | |
| 5-methylhexan-2-one,isoamyl methyl ketone | | 1,88 | - | - | Very low | |

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| CAS No: 110-12-3 | EC No: 203-737-8 | | | | |
|---|------------------|------|---|---|----------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone | | 1 21 | | | Vondless |
| CAS No: 108-10-1 | EC No: 203-550-1 | 1,31 | - | - | Very low |
| ethylbenzene | | 2.15 | | | Moderate |
| CAS No: 100-41-4 | EC No: 202-849-4 | 3,15 | - | - | Moderate |
| toluene | | 2 72 | | | Low |
| CAS No: 108-88-3 | EC No: 203-625-9 | 2,73 | _ | - | LOW |

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading **<u>Air</u>:** Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

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14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,<u>S-E</u> Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): C - Primer (Surfacer/filler and general -metal- primer)

Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 540 g/l Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 540 g/l

(*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 48,872 % VOC content: 470,738 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

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The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

| Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture | Conditions of restriction |
|--|--|
| | 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is acting as biocide in free association paint. 2. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture acts as biocide to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of: (a) all craft irrespective of their length intended for use in marine, coastal, estuarine and inland waterways and lakes; (b) cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish of shellfish farming; (c) any totally or partly submerged appliance or equipment. 3. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the treatment of industrial waters. 4. Tri-substituted organostannic compounds: (a) Tri-substituted organostannic compounds such as tributyltin (TBT) compounds and triphenyltin (TPT) compounds shall not be used after 1 July 2010 in articles where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin. (b) Articles not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 July 2010, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date. 5. Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds: (a) Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in mixtures and articles for supply to the general public where the concentration in the mixture or the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin. (b) Articles and mixtures not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date. (c) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply until 1 January 2015 to the following articles and mixtures for supply to the general public: - one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives |
| | |
| | fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications, outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for |
| | roofing and façades, (d) By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply to materials and articles regulated under Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004. 6. Dioctyltin (DOT) compound: |
| | (a) Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in the following articles for supply to, or use by, the general public, where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin: |
| | textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, gloves, footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin, |
| | - wall and floor coverings, - childcare articles, - female hygiene products, |
| | - nappies, - two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 |

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| | moulding kits). (b) Articles not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date. |
|---|--|
| 48. Toluene CAS No 108-88-3 EC No 203-625-9 | Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public. |

Kind of pollutant for the water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous for the water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|---|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated</or> |
| exposure <state ro<="" td=""><td>oute of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de</td></state> | oute of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de |
| audición) | |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

Classification codes:

| Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 |
|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquid, Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid, Category 3 |
| Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2 |
| STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1 |

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

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Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.

PPE: Personal protection equipment.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.