(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name:KCS Forest GreenProduct Code:KCS-FG

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company:	CUSTOM CREATIVE
Address:	C/ SEVILLA 43
City:	JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA
Province:	CADIZ
Telephone:	(+34) 956045939
E-mail:	info@customcreative.es
Web:	customcreative.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 956045939 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Aquatic Chronic 2 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 2 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Skin Irrit. 2 : Causes skin irritation.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger H statemen

statements:	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements: P101

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

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P103Read label before use.P210Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.P271Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.P405Store locked up.P501Dispose of contents/container to ...

Contains:

butanone,ethyl methyl ketone 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone n-butyl acetate

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	20 - 25 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 606-002- 00-3 CAS No: 78-93-3 EC No: 201-159-0 Registration No: 01- 2119457290-43-XXXX	[1] butanone,ethyl methyl ketone	20 - 25 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene (Mixture of isomers)	10 - 25 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
CAS No: 85029-58-9 EC No: 285-083-3	Amines, C10-14-branched and linear alkyl, bis[2- [(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H- pyrazol-4-yl)azo]benzoato(2-)]chromate(1-)	2.5 - 25 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	-
Index No: 607-195- 00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX	[1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.5 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-

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Index No: 606-004- 00-4 CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 Registration No: 01- 2119473980-30-XXXX	[1] 4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] n-butanol,butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	-
Index No: 607-035- 00-6 CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1 Registration No: 01- 2119452498-28-XXXX	[1] methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl 2- methylpropenoate,methyl methacrylate	0 - 1 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 601-021- 00-3 CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 Registration No: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX	[1] toluene	0 - 3 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Repr. 2, H361d *** - STOT RE 2 *, H373 ** - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 603-108- 00-1 CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0 Registration No: 01- 2119484609-23-XXXX	[1] 2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	0 - 1 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-

(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

*,**,*** See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

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4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	200	966
		United States	Eight hours	150	

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	r —			200	
		[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	710
		United States	Eight hours	150	710
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term	200	600
		European	Eight hours	200	600
		Union [5]	Short term	300	900
		United	Eight hours	200	600
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	300	899
butanone,ethyl methyl ketone	78-93-3	United States	Eight hours	200	
butanone, etnyr metnyr ketone	10 55 5	[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	300	
		United States	Eight hours	200	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	300	
		United States	Eight hours	200	590
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
		Union [5]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
xylene (Mixture of isomers)	1330-20-7	United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	441
	 	European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	275 (skin)
		Union [5]		100 (skin)	550 (skin)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	United	Short term	100 (skin) 50	274 274
			Eight hours		
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	548
		European	Eight hours	20	83
	108-10-1	Union [5]	Short term	50	208
		United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	416
4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl		United States	Eight hours	50	
ketone		[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	75	
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	75	
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	50	154
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	131
			Short term	(Celling) 50	
n-butanol,butan-1-ol	71-36-3	[2] (Cal/OSHA)		(Cailing) 50	
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [5]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	125	552
athylhonzona	100 41 4	United States	Eight hours	5	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		
	<u> </u>	European	Eight hours	20 (skin)	133 (skin)
butowyothyl acotate bytylawcal		Union [5]	Short term	50 (skin)	333 (skin)
2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate	112-07-2			· · · · ·	133
		United	Eight hours	20	
	 	Kingdom [1]	Short term	50	332
methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl	80-62-6	European	Eight hours	50	
2-methylpropenoate, methyl		Union [5]	Short term	100	

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methacrylate		United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	416
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	192 (skin)
		Union [5]	Short term	100 (skin)	384 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	191
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	384
		United States	Eight hours	10	
		[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 500	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
	100.00.0	[3] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
toluene	108-88-3		Eight hours	200	
		United States [4] (OSHA)	Short term	300 Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift: 500 [10 min]	
		United	Eight hours	50	154
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	75	231
		United States	Eight hours	50	
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	78-83-1	[2] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
	/0 05 1	United States	Eight hours	50	
		[3] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[4] (OSHA)	Short term		

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

[2] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[3] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

[4] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

[5] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration l	evels DNEL	/DMEL:
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Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	960
n-butyl acetate	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
CAS No: 123-86-4	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	859,7
EC No: 204-658-1	population)		(mg/m ³)
Le No. 204 050 1	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)

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	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	600 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	106 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	1161 (mg/kg
butanone,ethyl methyl ketone CAS No: 78-93-3 EC No: 201-159-0	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day) 412 (mg/kg
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day) 31 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DMEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	106 (mg/m ³)
	DMEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	412 (mg/m3)
xylene (Mixture of isomers) CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	275 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33 (mg/m ³)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	153,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,67 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	83 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	14,7 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	83 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	14,7 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	208 (mg/m ³)
4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone CAS No: 108-10-1	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	155,2 (mg/m ³)
EC No: 203-550-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	208 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	155,2 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	11,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	4,2 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	4,2 (mg/kg bw/day)

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		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
		(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
n-butanol,butan-1-ol		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3		population)		(mg/m ³)
EC No: 200-751-6		DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
		population)		(mg/kg
				bw/day)
ethylbenzene		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77
CAS No: 100-41-4		(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 202-849-4				
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	133
CAS No: 112-07-2		(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 203-933-3				
methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,methyl	2-	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	208
methylpropenoate, methyl methacrylate		(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
CAS No: 80-62-6		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	208
EC No: 201-297-1		(Workers)		(mg/m³)
		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	192
		(Workers)	-	(mg/m³)
		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	56,5
		population)		(mg/m³)
		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	192
		(Workers)	, 5 , ,	(mg/m ³)
		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	56,5
		population)	, 5 , ,	(mg/m³)
		DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	384
		(Workers)	,	(mg/m³)
		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	226
toluene		population)	, , . ,	(mg/m^3)
CAS No: 108-88-3		DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	384
EC No: 203-625-9		(Workers)	,	(mg/m ³)
		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	226
		population)		(mg/m ³)
		DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	384
		(Workers)	Dermaly Long term, bystelme encets	(mg/kg
		(bw/day)
		DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	226
		population)		(mg/kg
		Population		bw/day)
		DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	8,13
		population)		(mg/kg
		population)		bw/day)
		DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol		(Workers)	Initiation, Long term, Local effects	(mg/m ³)
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0		DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
	PNEC STP	35,6 (mg/l)
LC NO. 204-038-1	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg sediment dw)

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	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
	agua (freehunter)	sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	55,8 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	55,8 (mg/L)
	Soil	22,5 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
hadron and a shead an able of lands and	aqua (intermittent releases)	55,8 (mg/L)
butanone,ethyl methyl ketone CAS No: 78-93-3	PNEC STP	709 (mg/L)
EC No: 201-159-0	sediment (freshwater)	284,74
LC NO. 201-139-0		(mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	284,7 (mg/kg
	Sediment (marine water)	sediment dw)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	1000 (mg/kg
		food)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,635 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0635
		(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	6,35 (mg/L)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	PNEC STP	100 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-65-6	sediment (freshwater)	3,29 (mg/kg
EC No: 203-603-9	Sediment (neshwater)	sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,329 (mg/kg
	Sediment (manne water)	sediment dw)
	soil	0,29 (mg/kg
	501	soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,5 (mg/L)
	PNEC STP	27,5 (mg/L)
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone	sediment (freshwater)	8,27 (mg/kg
CAS No: 108-10-1	Sediment (neshwater)	sediment dw)
EC No: 203-550-1	sediment (marine water)	0,83 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	1,3 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	agua (marine water)	0,0082
	-4 ((mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
	PNEC STP	2476 (mg/L)
n-butanol,butan-1-ol	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		sediment dw)
EC NO: 200-751-0	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,68 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,68 (mg/L)
toluene	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,68 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-88-3	PNEC STP	13,61 (mg/L)
EC No: 203-625-9	sediment (freshwater)	16,39 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	16,39 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol	aqua (freshwater)	0,4 (mg/L)
CAS No: 78-83-1	aqua (marine water)	0,04 (mg/L)
EC No: 201-148-0	aqua (intermittent releases)	11 (mg/L)

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STP	10 (mg/L)
sediment (freshwater)	1,52 (mg/kg sediment dw)
sediment (marine water)	0,152 (mg/kg sediment dw)
soil	0,0699 (mg/kg soil
	dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %				
Uses:	Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting				
Breathing protect	ion:				
PPE: Characteristics:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles. «CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.				
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405				
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach				
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.				
Filter Type needed:	A2				
Hand protection:					
PPE: Characteristics:	Protective gloves. «CE» marking, category II.				
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420				
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.				
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.				
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)Breakthrough time (min.):> 480Material thickness (mm):0,35				
Eye protection:					
PPE: Characteristics:	Face shield. «CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.				
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168				
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.				
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.				
Skin protection:					
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.				
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.				
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5				
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.				

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Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly
Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour Colour: rojo Odour:N.Á./N.A. Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:N.A./N.A. Melting point:N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 78 °C Flash point: 5 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: 42,146 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,917 Solubility:N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A. Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Pour point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A. Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

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Avoid any improper handling.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT PREPARATION. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

		Acute toxicity				
Name		Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
n-butyl acetate		Oral		Rat Toxicity Data. 1 7, Part B. Vol. 1,	10800 mg/kg bw [1] Journal of the American College of Pg. 196, 1992	
		Dermal	LD50 Rabbit >17600 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 7, 1974			
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation	LC50 [1] Inhala	Rat tion Toxicology.	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1] Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997	
		Oral	LD50 [1] Toxico 1971	LD50 Rat 2740 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology. Vol. 19, Pg. 699,		
butanone,ethyl methyl l	ketone	Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Shell Chemical Company. Vol. MSDS-5390-4			
CAS No: 78-93-3	EC No: 201-159-0	Inhalation				
		Oral	LD50 [1] AMA A	Rat Archives of Indus	4300 mg/kg bw [1] strial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956	
xylene (Mixture of isomers)		Dermal	LD50 [1] Raw M 1974. Vol.	Rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1] ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 74	
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation		Rat Iaterial Data Hai 1, Pg. 123, 197	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 74	
2-methoxy-1-methyleth	yl acetate	Oral	LD50	Rat	6190 mg/kg bw [1]	

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		1	1		1
			[1] Study Toxicity).	report, 1985	5. OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
			LD50	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal	[1] Dow Ch	nemical Comp	any Reports. Vol. MSD-1582
			LC0	Rat	>4345 ppm (6 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-65-6	EC No: 203-603-9	Inhalation	[1] Study r Inhalation	• •	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute
		Oral	LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg bw [1]
		Orai	[1] Union C	Carbide Data S	Sheet. Vol. 4/25/1958
4-methylpentan-2-one,i	isobutyl methyl ketone		LD0	Rat	>=2000 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal	[1] OECD (experiment	Guideline 402 tal result, 199	
			LC50	Rat	>2000 <4000 ppm (4 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-10-1	EC No: 203-550-1	Inhalation		-FINDING TO CP & Weil CS,	
			LD50	Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral		Carbide Corp. 14-73. Export	Bushy Run Research Center, Project t, PA. 1951.
n-butanol,butan-1-ol			LD50	Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal		Carbide Corp. 14-73. Export	Bushy Run Research Center, Project t. PA. 1951.
			LC50	Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation		Carbide Corp. 14-73. Export	Bushy Run Research Center, Project t, PA. 1951.
			LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg bw [1]
		Oral	[1] AMA Ar	chives of Ind	ustrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956
ethylbenzene			LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal	[1] Food a	nd Cosmetics	Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Inhalation			
			LD50	Rat	2830 mg/kg bw [1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol,isc	o-butanol	Oral	Acute toxic inhalation tests)". B	ity and irritation irritatio irritation irritation irritation irritation irritation irri	November 30, 1993. "Isobutanol: ncy testing using the rat (peroral and the rabbit (cutaneous and ocular search Center, Union Carbide Corp.
			LD50	Rabbit	4240 mg/kg bw [1]
		Dermal			: AMA Arch. Ind. Hyg. Occup. Med., red in IUCLID.
CAS No: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0	Inhalation			
a) acute toxicity:		I	1		

a) acute toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE): Mixtures: ATE (Dermal) = 6.353 mg/kg

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b) skin corrosion/irritation; Product classified: Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation; Product classified: Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure;Product classified:Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name			Ecotoxicity	
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
n-butyl acetate	Fish	Brachydani Toxicity of Abwasser-F G.W., A.L. Acute Toxic	o rerio and Leuciscus Chemicals and Waste Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (Jennings, D. Drozdov city of 47 Industrial (81 mg/l (96 h) [1] son of the Sensitivity of s idus by Testing the Fish ewaters. Z.Wasser- (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, wski, and E. Rider 1977. The Chemicals to Fresh and er. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Daphnia sp. tion, 1959	44 mg/l (48 h) [1]
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported as Scenedesmus subspicatus)	674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1		Umweltbur		h inhibition test, according to deral Environment Agency) γ 1984)

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	Fish	LC50 Pimephales 2993 mg/l (96 h) [1]
		[1] Experimental result, 1998.
butanone,ethyl methyl ketone	Aquatic	LC50 Daphnia magna 8890 mg/l (24 h) [1]
	invertebrates	[1] Experimental result, 1977.
		EC50 Pseudokirchnerell 2029 mg/l (96 h) [1] a subcapitata
CAS No: 78-93-3 EC No: 201-159-0	Aquatic plants	[1] OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) reliability based in 2006 guideline.
		LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA :193-212
		LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1]
xylene (Mixture of isomers)	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX :133 p
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants	
	Fish	LC50 Oryzias latipes 100 mg/L (96 h) [1]
		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)EC50Daphnia magna407 mg/L (48 h) [1]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Aquatic invertebrates	
		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9		[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)
		LC50 Danio rerio >179 mg/l (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Experimental regult April 20 to May 02, 2010
		[1] Experimental result, April 29 to May 03, 2010.EC50Daphnia magna1550 mg/l (24 h) [1]
4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
		EC50 Lemna gibba >146 mg/l (7 d) [1]
CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1	Aquatic plants	[1] Study report, 2010. OECD Guideline 221 (Lemna sp. Growth Inhibition test)
		LC50 Pimephales 1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]
n-butanol,butan-1-ol	Fish	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
	Aquatic	EC50 Daphnia magna 1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]

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		¬	
		invertebrates	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.
			Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,
			LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520. Selenastrum
			capricorputum
			(Pseudokirchnerell 5, Core , E
		Aquatic plants	a subcapitata)
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.
			Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.
			LC50 Fish 80 mg/l (96 h) [1]
			[1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of
		Fish	Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410
			Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv.,
athulbannana			Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)
ethylbenzene			LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]
		Aquatic	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative
		invertebrates	Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and
			Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
			EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1]
			[1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and
			M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L.
			Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to
			Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical.
			Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348
			LC50 Fish 31,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]
			[1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute
		Fish	Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior
			Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :332
toluene			p LC50 Crustacean 92 mg/l (48 h) [1]
		Aquatic	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative
		invertebrates	Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova
			Scotia :64 p
			EC50 Algae 12,5 mg/l (72 h) [1]
		Aquatic plants	[1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and
CAS No: 108-88-3	EC No: 203-625-9		M.L.Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons.
			Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169
			EC50 Pimephales 1430 mg/L (96 h h) [1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol,is	o-butanol	Fish	[1] Brooke, L.T. et al., 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales
			promelas). Vol. I. Center for Lake Superior Environmental
		Aquatic	Studies. University of Wisconsin-Superior.
		Aquatic	EC50 Daphnia magna 1300 mg/L (48 h) [1]

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		invertebrates	[1] Elnabarawy MT, Welter AN, Robideau RR. 1986. relative sensitivity of three daphnid species to selected organic and inorganic chemicals. Environ Toxicol Chem 5: 393-398.		
		Aquatic plants	EC90	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)	717 mg/L (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0		Aquatic To	D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J pxicity of Four Oxy-Solve ical Information Record	ents. Equilon Enterprises,

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

There is no information available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available regarding the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name			Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level	
n-butyl acetate		1 70			Marria	
N. CAS: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,78	-	-	Very low	
butanone,ethyl methyl ketone		0.20			Manulau	
N. CAS: 78-93-3	EC No: 201-159-0	0,29	-	-	Very low	
4-methylpentan-2-one,isobutyl methyl ketone		1 21	_	-	Vonclow	
N. CAS: 108-10-1	EC No: 203-550-1	1,31	-	-	Very low	
n-butanol,butan-1-ol		0.94			Vondow	
N. CAS: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	0,84	-	-	Very low	
ethylbenzene		2.15			Moderate	
N. CAS: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	3,15	-	-	MOUEIALE	
toluene		2 72	_		Low	
N. CAS: 108-88-3	EC No: 203-625-9	2,73	-	-	Low	
2-methylpropan-1-ol,iso-butanol		0.76			Vonclow	
N. CAS: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0	0,76	-	-	Very low	

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID. Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number. UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG II, (D/E) ADR: UN 1263, PAINT (AMINES, C10-14-BRANCHED AND LINEAR ALKYL, BIS[2-[(4,5-DIHYDRO-3-METHYL-5-OXO-1-PHENYL-IMDG: 1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL)AZO]BENZOATO(2-)]CHROMATE(1-)), 3, PG II, MARINE POLLUTANT ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG II

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group. Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards.



Dangerous for the environment

14.6 Special precautions for user. Labels: 3

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Hazard number: 33 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 1 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

 $\label{eq:Volatile organic compound (VOC)} Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): Special finishes (All types) Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 840 g/l Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 840 g/l (*) g/l ready to use$

VOC content (p/p): 68,354 % VOC content: 627,12 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
48. Toluene	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a
CAS No 108-88-3	concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance
EC No 203-625-9	or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the
	general public.

Kind of pollutant for the water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous for the water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

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Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated</or>	
exposure <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.(órganos de</state>		
audición)		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1

- Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1
- Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
- Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2
- Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
- Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

- Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2
- Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,4,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

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IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
- RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
- WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html http://echa.europa.eu/ Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.