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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: CATALIZADOR H560 Product Code: H560

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Finishing at color protection

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company:	CUSTOM CREATIVE
Address:	C/ SEVILLA 43
City:	JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA
Province:	CADIZ
Telephone:	(+34) 956045939
E-mail:	info@customcreative.es
Web:	customcreative.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 956045939 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Aquatic Chronic 3 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Carc. 1B : May cause cancer. Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid and vapour. Muta. 1B : May cause genetic defects. Skin Sens. 1 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Signal Word:

Danger н

statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

- P201 P210
- Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use to extinguish.

EUH statements:

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction. Restricted to professional users.

Contains:

Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).] Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

		Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name		Classification	specific concentration limit
CAS No: 28182-81-2 EC No: 500-060-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	1 - 50 %	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate	1 - 25 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	-
Index No: 607-195- 00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX	[1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - 25 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-
CAS No: 128601-23-0 Registration No: 01- 2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	10 - 20 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335/H336	-

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Index No: 649-356- 00-4 CAS No: 64742-95-6 EC No: 265-199-0 Registration No: 01- 2119486773-24-XXXX	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	0.1 - 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Carc. 1B, H350 - Muta. 1B, H340	-
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	2.5 - 20 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

Delayed effects may occur after the exposure to the product.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration.

Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Long-term chronic exposure may result in injury to certain organs or tissues. It may cause an allergic reaction, dermatitis, redness or inflammation of the skin.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Keep the person comfortable. Turn him/her over to the left side and stay there while waiting for medical care.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

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Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills. The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m ³
		European	Eight hours	20 (skin)	133 (skin)
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol	112-07-2	Union [1]	Short term	50 (skin)	333 (skin)
acetate	112-07-2	United	Eight hours	20	133
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	332
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	275 (skin)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	550 (skin)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	100-03-0	United	Eight hours	50	274
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	548
		United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	200	966
		United States	Eight hours	150	
n but d acatata	123-86-4	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	200	
n-butyl acetate	123-00-4	United States	Eight hours	150	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	710
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		

[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

[3] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[4] According Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements adopted by National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).

[5] According Occupational Health and Safety Standards and US Code of Federal Regulations adopted by US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
2-butoxyethyl acetate,butylglycol acetate CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	133 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	275 (mg/m ³)
2 methows 1 methodethol acetate	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33 (mg/m³)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	153,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg bw/day)

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	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,67 (mg/kg bw/day)
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	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population) DNEL	Inhalation Aguto Customia offecto	(mg/m ³) 960
	(Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	(ing/in ^a) 859,7
	population)	Initialation, Acute, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
	DNFI	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
n-butyl acetate	(Workers)	Initialation, Long term, Local effects	(mg/m ³)
CAS No: 123-86-4	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
EC No: 204-658-1	population)	Initiation, Long term, Local criceto	(mg/m^3)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7
	population)	, ,	(mg/m^3)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,635 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0635
		(mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	6,35 (mg/L)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	PNEC STP	100 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-65-6	sediment (freshwater)	3,29 (mg/kg
EC No: 203-603-9		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,329 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,29 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	PNEC STP	35,6 (mg/l)
CAS No: 123-86-4	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg
EC No: 204-658-1		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)

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PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %					
Uses:	Finishing at color protection					
Breathing protection:						
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.					
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405					
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach					
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.					
Filter Type needed:	A2					
Hand protection:						
PPE:	Non-disposable protective gloves against chemicals.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Check the list of chemicals for which the glove has been tested.					
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420					
Maintenance:	A schedule for the periodical replacement of gloves should be established in order to guarantee their replacement before pollutants permeate them. The use of contaminated gloves could be more dangerous than not using gloves, since the pollutant can gradually accumulate in the glove's material.					
Observations:	They are to be replaced whenever tears, cracks or deformations are observed or when exterior dirt could reduce their strength.					
Material: F	Breakthrough time (min.): > 480 Material thickness (mm): 0,35					
Eye protection:						
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against splashing liquid, dust, smoke, fog and vapour.					
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168					
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.					
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.					
Skin protection:						
PPE:	Chemical protective clothing					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Clothing should fit properly. The level of protection					
CEN standards:	EN 464,EN 340, EN 943-1, EN 943-2, EN ISO 6529, EN ISO 6530, EN 13034					
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.					
Observations:	The protective clothing's design should facilitate correct positioning, staying in place without moving for the period of use expected, bearing in mind environmental factors as well as any movement or position the user might adopt while carrying out the activity.					
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear against chemicals.					
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Check the list of chemicals against which the footwear is resistant.					
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN 13832-1, EN 13832-2, EN 13832-3, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20345					
Maintenance:	For correct maintenance of this kind of safety footwear, it is necessary to observe the instructions specified by the manufacturer. The footwear should be replaced as soon as any sign of damage is observed.					

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Observations:

The footwear should be cleaned regularly and dried when damp, although it should not be placed too close to a source of heat in order to avoid any sharp changes in temperature.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:N.A./N.A. Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:N.A./N.A. Melting point:N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 285 °C Flash point: 40 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: 0,542 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:1,052 Solubility:N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A. Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Pour point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A. Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

- Avoid the following conditions:
- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.

- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

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- Explosives materials.

- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Exposure to concentrations of solvent fumes above the work exposure limit can have negative effects (for example, irritation of the mucous membranes and respiratory system, adverse effects on the kidneys, liver, and the central nervous system). Among the symptoms are headaches, vertigo, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

Based on the properties of isocyanates and taking into account existing technical data on similar products, it appears that this product may cause irritation and / or acute awareness of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, a wheezing and chest pressure. Therefore, sensitized individuals may show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheres containing concentrations below the level of exposure. Repeated exposure can lead to chronic respiratory diseases. **Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.**

Nama	Acute toxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
		LD50	Rat	6190 mg/kg bw [1]
2 mathews 1 mathylathyl acotata	Oral	[1] Study Toxicity).	report, 1985.	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg bw [1]
	Dermai	[1] Dow Ch	nemical Compar	ny Reports. Vol. MSD-1582
		LC0	Rat	>4345 ppm (6 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9	Inhalation	[1] Study ro Inhalation	1 /	ECD Guideline 403 (Acute
		LD50	Rat	10800 mg/kg bw [1]
	Oral		,	Journal of the American College of Pg. 196, 1992
n-butyl acetate		LD50	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg bw [1]
	Dermal		aterial Data Har 1, Pg. 7, 1974	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,
		LC50	Rat	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1]
CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation	[1] Inhalati	on Toxicology.	Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997

a) acute toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE): Mixtures: ATE (Dermal) = 6.344 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation; Not conclusive data for classification.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

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Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;Product classified:Skin sensitiser, Category 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

e) germ cell mutagenicity; Product classified: Mutagen, Category 1B: May cause genetic defects.

f) carcinogenicity; Product classified: Carcinogen, Category 1B: May cause cancer.

g) reproductive toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure; Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity				
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
	Fish	LC50	Oryzias latipes	100 mg/L (96 h) [1]	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)EC50Daphnia magna407 mg/L (48 h) [1[1] Environment Agency of Japan (1998)		
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)	>1000 mg/L (72 h) [1]	
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9		[1] Environ	ment Agency of Japa	an (1998)	
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50Fish81 mg/l (96 h) [1][1] Wellens, H. 1982. Comparison of the Sensitivity of Brachydanio rerio and Leuciscus idus by Testing the Fish Toxicity of Chemicals and Wastewaters. Z.Wasser- Abwasser-Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawso G.W., A.L. Jennings, D. Drozdowski, and E. Rider 1977. Acute Toxicity of 47 Industrial Chemicals to Fresh and Saltwater Fishes. J.Hazard.Mater. 1(4):303-318 (OECD Data File)			
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50 [1] publica	Daphnia sp. tion, 1959	44 mg/l (48 h) [1]	

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		Aquatic plants	EC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported Scenedesmus subspicatus)	as	674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1		[1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984)			

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

There is no information available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available regarding the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
n-butyl acetate		1,78	_	-	Very low
N. CAS: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,70	-		very low

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading

<u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

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14.1 UN number. UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: ADR: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es). Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group. Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC) VOC content (p/p): 37,175 % VOC content: 390,991 g/l

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
28. Substances which appear in Part 3 of	1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,

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Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	- as substances, - as constituents of other substances, or,
classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or carcinogen category 1 or 2	- in mixtures,
(Table 3.2) and listed as follows:	for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the
- Carcinogen category 1A (Table	substance or mixture is equal to or greater than:
3.1)/carcinogen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed	- either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI
in Appendix 1	to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,
- Carcinogen category 1B (Table	- the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no
3.1)/carcinogen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed	specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC)
in Appendix 2	No 1272/2008.
	Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and
	mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the
	packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and
	indelibly as follows:
	'Restricted to professional users'.
	2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:
	(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and
	Directive 2001/83/EC;
	(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;
	(c) the following fuels and oil products:
	- motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC,
	- mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion
	plants,
	- fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);
	(d) artists' paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC;
	(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or
	uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of
20 Cubetaness which appear in Davit 2 of	Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
29. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	 Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances,
classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A	- as constituents of other substances, or,
or 1B (Table 3.1) or mutagen category 1 or 2	- in mixtures,
(Table 3.2) and listed as follows:	for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the
- Mutagen category 1A (Table 3.1)/mutagen	substance or mixture is equal to or greater than:
category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 3	- either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI
- Mutagen category 1B (Table 3.1)/mutagen	to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,
category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 4	- the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no
	specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC)
	No 1272/2008.
	Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions
	relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and
	mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the
	packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and
	indelibly as follows:
	'Restricted to professional users'.
	2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and
	Directive 2001/83/EC;
	(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;
	(c) the following fuels and oil products:
	- motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC,
	- mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion
	plants,
	- fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);
	(d) artists' paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC;
	(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or
	uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of
	Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.

Kind of pollutant for the water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous for the water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

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15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335/H336	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Carc. 1B : Carcinogen, Category 1B Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Muta. 1B : Mutagen, Category 1B STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3 Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,8,9,14,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
- Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
- NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

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RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html http://echa.europa.eu/ Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.